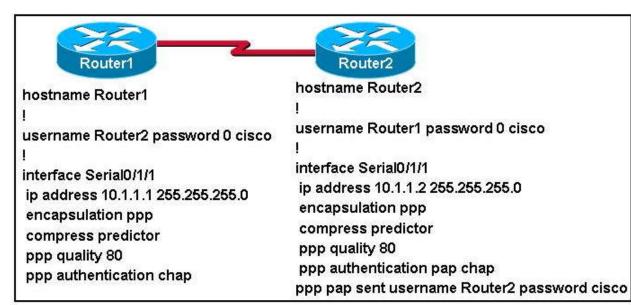
Take Assessment - EWAN Chapter 2 - CCNA Exploration: Accessing the WAN (Version 4.0) -75.6%

- 1 Which authentication protocol can be spoofed to allow playback attacks?
 - MD5
 - CHAP
 - PAP
 - NCP

<u>2</u>



Refer to the exhibit. Which two statements are true about this configuration? (Choose two)

| 100 | to the exhibit. Which two statements are true about this configuration. (Choose two.) |
|-----|---|
| | Authentication will fail between these routers. |
| | Each router authenticates its neighbor against the username and password that are configured in the local database. |
| | The default encapsulation type is configured on these routers. |
| | NCP negotiates for IP to use predictor compression. |
| | If there is more than a 20% error rate on the line, then LCP will take the line down. |

- 3 Which two options can LCP negotiate? (Choose two.)
 - □ link quality
 - authentication
 - □ dynamic flow control
 - compression and network layer address for IP

connection-oriented or connectionless communication methods

- 4 Which statement describes parallel data communications?
 - Digital data is broken into 8-bit chunks (bytes) and transmitted from one entity to another bit by bit.
 - Digital data that is transmitted over a parallel connection is not affected by clock skew or crosstalk.
 - Digital data is transmitted from one entity to another via the use of a bus that consists of multiwires, each carrying one bit of the data sample.
 - Digital data is transmitted via the use of two loops of wire, one in each direction.

<u>5</u>

Router#show interface serial0/0

SerialO/O is up, line protocol is up

Hardware is HD64570

Internet address is 10.140.1.2/24

MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec, rely 255/255, load 1/255

Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set, keepalive set (10 sec)

LCP Open

Open: IPCP, CDPCP

38097 packets output, 2135697 bytes, 0 underruns

O output errors, O collisions, 6045 interface resets

O output buffer failures, O output buffers swapped out

482 carrier transitions

DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up

Refer to the exhibit. On the basis of the **show interface Serial0/0/0** output, how many NCP sessions have established?

- one
- two
- three
- four
- **6** Which serial communications DTE/DCE interface standard is used to provide high-speed connectivity o 52 Mbps between LANs and is found on many high-end Cisco routers?
 - EIA/TIA 232 (RS-232)
 - ITU V.35
 - HSSI
 - EIA/TIA 422 (RS-422)
 - EIA/TIA 423 (RS-423)

| | <u>7</u> Which three statements are correct about HDLC encapsulation? (Choose three.) | |
|----------|---|-----|
| | ☐ HDLC supports PAP and CHAP authenticationppp | |
| | ☐ HDLC implementation in Cisco routers is proprietary. | |
| | ☐ HDLC specifies a data encapsulation method on synchronous serial links using frame chachecksums | rac |
| | ☐ HDLC is the default serial interface encapsulation on Cisco routers. | |
| | ☐ HDLC and PPP are compatible. | |
| | ☐ HDLC does not support CDP. | |
| | | |
| <u>8</u> | Which three statements correctly describe PPP authentication? (Choose three.) | |
| | □ PAP sends passwords in clear text. | |
| | PAP uses a 3-way handshake to establish a link | |
| | PAP provides protection from repeated trial-and-error attacks | |
| | ☐ CHAP uses a 2-way handshake to establish a link | |
| | ☐ CHAP uses a challenge/response that is based on the MD5 hash algorithm. | |
| | ☐ CHAP uses repeated challenges for verification. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 9 | |
| | Se2/0:7 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 76 len 30 Se2/0:7 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) | |
| | Se2/0:7 LCP: MagicNumber 0xCC96D7E6 (0x0506CC96D7E6) | |
| | Se2/0:7 LCP: MRRU 1524 (0x110405F4) Se2/0:7 LCP: EndpointDisc 1 3640_PE1 (0x130B01333634305F504531) | |
| | Se2/0:7 LCP: State is Open | |
| | Refer to the exhibit. Which two items were negotiated during the PPP session shown in the debug | |
| | out? (Choose two.) | |
| | ☐ Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol | |
| | ☐ Password Authentication Protocol | |
| | □ compression | |
| | □ link quality | |
| | □ error detection | |
| | | |

10 Which three statements are true regarding LCP? (Choose three.)

| | | It is responsible for negotiating link establishment. |
|-----------|--------|--|
| | | It negotiates options for Layer 3 protocols running over PPP. |
| | | It uses MD5 encryption while negotiating link establishment parameters. |
| | | It terminates the link upon user request or the expiration of an inactivity timer. |
| | | It can test the link to determine if link quality is sufficient to bring up the link. |
| | | It monitors the link for congestion and dynamically adjusts the acceptable window size. |
| | | |
| <u>11</u> | | |
| | Γ | Encapsulation PPP, LCP Open |
| | | Open IPCP, CCP, CDCP, loopback not set |
| | | |
| | | efer to the exhibit. What statement is true regarding the output shown? |
| | _ | LCP is in the process of negotiating a link. |
| | _ | LCP and NCP are waiting for CHAP authentication to complete. |
| | _ | LCP negotiation has been successful, but NCP negotiation is in progress. Data is able to flow across this link. |
| | _ | Data is able to now across this mik. |
| | | |
| 10 | *** | |
| <u>12</u> | W | That does the demarcation point represent in data communication physical circuits? |
| <u>12</u> | W | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet |
| <u>12</u> | W | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router |
| <u>12</u> | W | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins |
| <u>12</u> | W • | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router |
| | • | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs |
| <u>12</u> | • • | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs Thich two statements are true regarding time-division multiplexing (TDM)? (Choose two.) |
| | • • | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs Thich two statements are true regarding time-division multiplexing (TDM)? (Choose two.) It allows information from multiple channels to be allocated bandwidth on a multiple wires. |
| | w | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs Thich two statements are true regarding time-division multiplexing (TDM)? (Choose two.) It allows information from multiple channels to be allocated bandwidth on a multiple wires. Multiple sources can transmit over a single channel. |
| | • • | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs Thich two statements are true regarding time-division multiplexing (TDM)? (Choose two.) It allows information from multiple channels to be allocated bandwidth on a multiple wires. Multiple sources can transmit over a single channel. Original data streams must be reconstructed at the destination. |
| | w | DTE/DCE interface on the device connecting to the Internet location of the firewall or router physical point at which the public network ends and the private customer network begins tag assigned to the physical block where a cross-connect occurs Thich two statements are true regarding time-division multiplexing (TDM)? (Choose two.) It allows information from multiple channels to be allocated bandwidth on a multiple wires. Multiple sources can transmit over a single channel. |

LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 8 len 14

LCP: AuthProto PAP (0x0304C023)

LCP: MagicNumber 0x507A214D (0x0506507A214D)

LCP: O CONFNAK [ACKrcvd] id 8 len 9

LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)

Refer to the exhibit. What statement is true regarding the output shown?

- NCP has successfully negotiated.
- The PAP passwords did not match, so the routers are trying CHAP authentication.
- One router has suggested PAP authentication, and the other has accepted authentication but suggested CHAP authentication.
- One router can only use PAP authentication while the other router can only use CHAP, so the conn
 has been rejected.

<u>15</u>

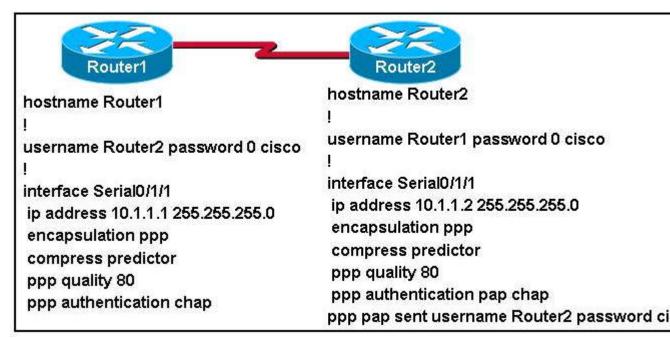
ppp: ipcp_reqci: returning CONFACK

Refer to the exhibit. Which two statements are true regarding the output shown? (Choose two.)

- ☐ LCP negotiation has been successful.
- ☐ The router has agreed on IP parameters.
- The router is negotiating IP compression options.
- The router is requesting an IP address from its peer.
- ☐ The router has accepted IP but not the suggested IP options.

16 What function do Network Control Protocols provide for a PPP connection?

- to establish and terminate data links
- error detection
- to manage network congestion and to allow quality testing of the link
- to allow multiple Layer 3 protocols to operate over the same physical link
- to provide authentication capabilities to PPP



Refer to the exhibit. Which series of statements accurately describes the PPP link establishment process for these routers?

- LCP negotiates the authentication option
 - LCP tests link quality
 - PAP authentication
 - NCP negotiates Layer 3 protocol options
- LCP negotiates the compression and authentication options
 - LCP tests link quality
 - **CHAP** authentication
 - NCP negotiates Layer 3 protocol options
- LCP tests the link quality
 - LCP negotiates compression and authentication options
 - CHAP authentication
 - NCP negotiates Layer 3 protocol options
- CHAP authentication
 - LCP tests link quality
 - LCP negotiates compression options
 - NCP negotiates Layer 3 protocol options
- LCP negotiates the compression and authentication options
 - NCP negotiates Layer 3 protocol options
 - LCP tests link quality
 - CHAP authentication
- **18** What is the reason why parallel data communications is not feasible over long transmission lengths?
 - crosstalk between wires and clock skew

- error checking not possible
- transmission rate is too low
- too much attenuation

19Which advantage does the multilink option provide when using PPP?

- Data transmission has load balancing possibilities.
- Interfaces can be configured using both HDLC and PPP.
- More than one authentication method can be used.
- More than one compression protocol can be configured.
- **20** What would **show interface s0/0/0** indicate if **show controllers s0/0/0** indicated a cable type of unknown?
 - serial 0/0/0 is down, line protocol is down
 - serial 0/0/0 is up, line protocol is down
 - serial 0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up (looped)
 - serial 0/0/0 is up, line protocol is down (disabled)
 - serial 0/0/0 is administratively down, line protocol is down

21

Serial1 is up, line protocol is up

Hardware is HD64570

Internet address is 200.200.200.1/24

MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,

reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255

Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set

Keepalive set (10 sec)

LCP Open

Open: IPCP, CDPCP

Last input 00:00:04, output 00:00:04, output hang never

Last clearing of "show interface" counters 00:08:59

Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0

Queueing strategy: weighted fair

Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/256 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)

Available Bandwidth 1158 kilobits/sec

Refer to the exhibit. According to the the provided router output, which statement is true

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regarding PPP operation?

- Only the link-establishment phase completed successfully.
- Only the network-layer phase completed successfully.
- Neither the link-establishment phase nor the the network-layer phase completed successfully.
- Both the link-establishment and network-layer phase completed successfully.